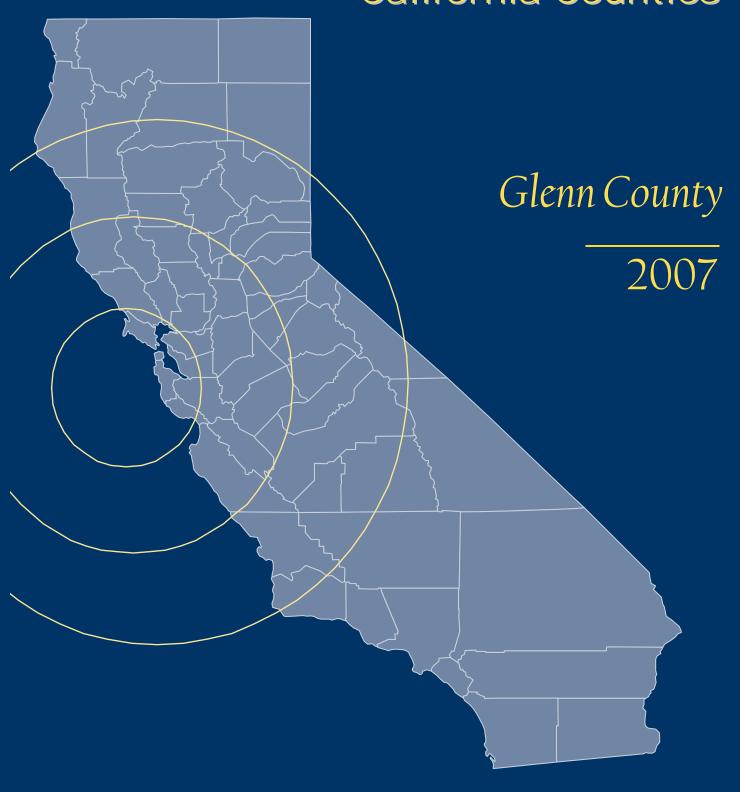
## Indicators of Alcohol and Other Drug Risk and Consequences for California Counties



### Indicators of Alcohol and Other Drug Risk and Consequences for California Counties





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#### Introduction

In the mid-1990s, the California Department of Alcohol and Drug Programs, in collaboration with the Center for Applied Research Solutions (CARS), Inc. began to work toward improving the state's prevention information system. A key component of this information system was the continuous collection, monitoring and reporting of selected community-level indicators that would serve as direct and indirect measures of alcohol and other drug use prevalence and related problems. This information system was designed to assist with state and local prevention planning and policy-making by providing useful, systematic data about prevention and treatment needs and outcomes throughout the state.

The present report is the most recent product of this ongoing effort. It differs from earlier versions in a few important ways. First, while previous reports typically summarized data for more than twenty-five indicators of health and social conditions that are theoretically linked to problem substance use, the current version is more streamlined, focusing on eight key indicators of AOD use and abuse prevalence and their direct consequences, including impacts on the criminal justice, health and alcohol and drug treatment systems. Second, the 2007 report updates information contained in earlier versions, but expands in its depth to summarize data for populations within the larger county, including age, gender, and race/ethnicity sub-groups. This expanded detail allows for more precise analyses of alcohol and drug use problems within a county population and enhances the ability to effectively target prevention and intervention strategies to community needs. Similar to previous reports, the 2007 version includes simple analytic tools to help users interpret the information presented. This includes use of population-based rates (e.g., the number of incidents relative to the total population) to make meaningful comparisons between geographic areas that differ in population size, or comparisons between differing time points. Data is presented at both the county and state level to allow county rates to be evaluated against a relative average

The overall intent of the report is to provide a simple, easy-to-use resource that helps synthesize and interpret the most relevant indicator data currently available to assess substance use problems, in an effort to optimize prevention planning and outcome measurement efforts in communities through the state. Specifically, it is designed to support the work of planners, policy-makers, and practitioners in the field in:

- Determining the incidence of alcohol and other drug use problems within county populations and sub-populations;
- Monitoring trends in problem incidence to identify emergent issues and detect changes in status over time;
- Establishing program resource levels that are appropriate to address the nature and extent of prevention and treatment needs; and,
- Documenting progress toward achieving targeted prevention objectives and outcomes.

The report contains information on several key indicators of alcohol and drug prevalence and consequences for California populations in each of the following six areas:

- Household prevalence of problem alcohol use and use of illicit drugs;
- Admissions to publicly-funded alcohol and drug treatment facilities;
- Arrests for alcohol and drug-related criminal offenses;
- Motor vehicle accidents involving drivers who had been drinking;
- Hospitalizations for alcohol and drug-related conditions; and,
- Mortality attributable to acute and chronic alcohol and drug use.

Each report contains data compiled from several sources, including a statewide, longitudinal survey of California household populations, and state data systems housing public archival records from four central agencies, including the California Department of Justice, the California Highway Patrol, the California Department of Health Services, and the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD). This reliance on statewide data sources ensures that the information reported is drawn from reliable and valid measures that are routinely and uniformly collected across jurisdictions (i.e., all counties use the same data collection), allowing for comparisons over time, across counties, and between counties and the state.

#### Key Indicators of Community Alcohol and Drug Use • Glenn County

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	Three Year Average	Ranking
INDICATOR 1	•	36,000	•	37,000	•	37,000 <sup>1</sup>	+
Past Month Alcohol Use Percentage of Total Respondents	•	71,000	•	75,000	•	75,000	
	•	50.6%	•	49.9%	•	49.9%	
INDICATOR 2	•	12,000	•	12,000	•	12,000 <sup>1</sup>	+
Past Month Binge Drinking Percentage of Total Respondents	•	71,000	•	75,000	•	75,000	
	•	17.0%	•	16.2%	•	16.2%	
INDICATOR 3	194	280	268	224	213	235	+
Admissions to Alcohol and Other Drug Treatment	19,954	20,195	20,588	21,076	21,367	21,010	
Rate per 1000 Population 10-69	972.2	1386.5	1301.7	1062.8	996.9	1118.5	
INDICATOR 4	216	252	267	265	288	273	+
Arrests for Drug-Related Offenses Rate per 100,000 Population 10-69	19,954	20,195	20,588	21,076	21,367	21,010	
	1082.5	1247.8	1296.9	1257.4	1347.9	1300.9	
INDICATOR 5	528	546	477	528	610	538	+
Arrests for Alcohol-Related Offenses Rate per 100,000 Population 10-69	19,954	20,195	20,588	21,076	21,367	21,010	
	2646.1	2703.6	2316.9	2505.2	2854.9	2562.2	
INDICATOR 6	1	1	4	4	**	3	+
Alcohol-Involved Motor Vehicle Accident Fatalities	26,764	29,951	27,347	27,854	**	28,384	
Rate per 100,000 Population	3.7	3.3	14.6	14.4	**	10.6	
INDICATOR 7	2	4	**	2	**	3	+
Alcohol and Drug Use Hospitalizations	26,764	29,951	27,347	27,854	**	28,903	
Rate per 100,000 Population	7.5	13.4	**	7.2	**	10.4	
INDICATOR 8	1	5	6	7	**	6	+
Deaths Due to Alcohol and Drug Use Rate per 100,000 Population	26,764	29,951	27,347	27,854	**	28,384	
·	3.8	19.8	23.9	25.8	**	23.2	

<sup>\*\*</sup> Data not available for most current reporting year. + County comparative rankings not yet calculated. 1 2003 prevalence rate; no three- year average calculated.

#### Prevalence of Alcohol Use

#### Key Findings

- Roughly 50 percent of persons 18 years and older reported past month alcohol use in Colusa, Glenn and Tehama counties in 2003, lower than the statewide average of 58 percent. Binge drinking rates in these three counties was 16.2 percent, slightly higher than the statewide average of 15 percent.
- Males were much more likely to drink alcohol in these counties with a rate of 62 percent compared to a rate of 38 percent for females. Binge drinking rates were substantially higher for males with a rate of 25 percent compared to a rate of about eight percent for females.
- Only two race/ethnicity groups had a large enough population size to form estimates on past month alcohol use and binge drinking: White and Hispanic. In 2003, an estimated 54 percent of Whites reported past month alcohol use compared to 43 percent for Hispanics. Whites binge drank at a rate of 18 percent compared to 10 percent for Hispanics.
- In 2003, past month alcohol use hovered between 46 percent and 56 percent for all age brackets over 25 years. The rate for 18 to 24 year olds was about 32 percent. The binge drinking during this year was 31 percent for the 25 to 34 year old age bracket, substantially higher than other age brackets. The next highest was for 45 to 54 year olds with a rate of 19 percent.
- Colusa, Glenn and Tehama counties had a high rate of adolescents under age 18 involved in binge drinking. In 2003 roughly 49 percent of youth in this age bracket binge drank, a much higher rate than the statewide average of 6.3 percent.



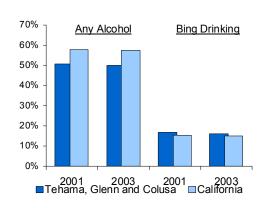
#### Indicators 1 & 2: Prevalence of Past Month Alcohol Use

The number and percent of persons in the population who reported any use of alcohol and number of persons who reported any binge drinking in the past thirty days.

#### Table/Figure 1.1

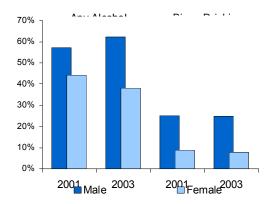
Estimated Number and Percent of Persons 18 Years and Over Who Counties Reported Any Use of Alcohol or Any Binge Drinking in the Past Thirty Days in **Colusa, Glenn** *and* **Tehama** with Comparison to Statewide Rates

	Any Alcohol Use		Binge Drinking	
	2001	2003	2001	2003
Estimated Number *	36,000	37,000	12,000	12,000
Estimated Population 18 and over	71,000	75,000	71,000	75,000
Percent of Total Population	50.6%	49.9%	17.0%	16.2%
CALIFORNIA Estimated Percent	57.9%	57.4%	15.4%	15.1%



Table/Figure 1.2
Estimated Number of Persons Reporting Any Alcohol Use or Any Binge Drinking in **Colusa, Glenn** and **Tehama** Counties by Gender

		Any Alco	hol Use	Binge D	Prinking
		2001	2003	2001	2003
Male	Estimated Number	20,000	23,000	9,000	9,000
	Estimated Population	35,000	37,000	35,000	37,000
	Percent of Population	57.4%	62.3%	25.3%	24.9%
Female	Estimated Number	16,000	15,000	3,000	3,000
	Estimated Population	36,000	38,000	36,000	38,000
	Percent of Population	44.2%	38.0%	9.0%	7.9%



Healthy People 2010 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

#### Objectives 26-10a

Increase the proportion of adolescents not using any alcohol or illicit drugs in the past thirty days.

•••

#### **Objectives 26-11c**

Decrease the proportion of adults engaging in binge drinking of alcoholic beverages during the past month.

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates rounded to the nearest thousand

## Indicators 1 & 2: Prevalence of Past Month Alcohol Use (Continued)

Table 1.3
Estimated Number of Persons Reporting Any Alcohol Use or Any Binge Drinking in **Colusa, Glenn** and **Tehama** Counties by Race/Ethnicity

		Any Alco	ohol Use	Binge	Drinking
		2001	2003	2001	2003
American Indian	Estimated Number	1,000	-	-	-
	Estimated Population	2,000	-	-	-
	Percent of Population	30.7%	-	-	-
Asian/Pacific Islander	Estimated Number	1,000	2,000	-	-
	Estimated Population	3,000	2,000	-	-
	Percent of Population	20.8%	100.0%	-	-
Black	Estimated Number	-	-	-	-
	Estimated Population	-	-	-	-
	Percent of Population	-	-	-	-
Hispanic	Estimated Number	6.000	6.000	3,000	1,000
	Estimated Population	14,000	14,000	14,000	14,000
	Percent of Population	46.6%	42.5%	19.6%	9.7%
White	Estimated Number	28,000	30,000	9,000	10,000
	Estimated Population	53,000	56,000	53,000	56,000
	Percent of Population	52.8%	53.9%	16.4%	18.2%
Other	Estimated Number	-	1,000	-	-
	Estimated Population	-	1,000	-	-
	Percent of Population	-	72.0%	-	-

<sup>-</sup> Estimate not reported due to small sample size.

Figure 1.3
Past Month Alcohol Use by Race/Ethnicity

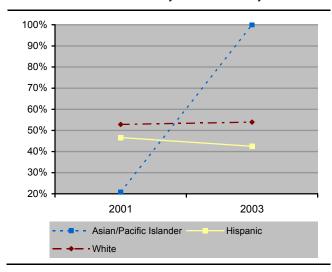
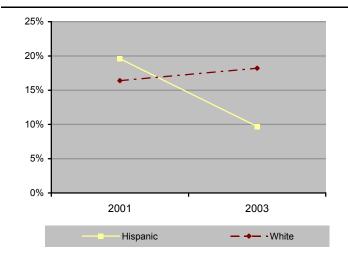


Figure 1.4
Past Month Binge Drinking by Race/Ethnicity



## Indicators 1 & 2: Prevalence of Past Month Alcohol Use (Continued)

Table 1.4
Estimated Number of Persons Reporting Any Alcohol Use or Any Binge Drinking in **Colusa, Glenn** and **Tehama** Counties by Age

		Any Alco	phol Use	Binge	Drinking
		2001	2003	2001	2003
18 to 24	Estimated Number	6,000	3,000	3,000	1,000
	Estimated Population	9,000	9,000	9,000	9,000
	Percent of Population	64.0%	31.5%	36.6%	15.2%
25 to 34	Estimated Number	7,000	8,000	3,000	5,000
	Estimated Population	11,000	15,000	11,000	15,000
	Percent of Population	59.1%	56.2%	21.9%	30.9%
35 to 44	Estimated Number	9,000	7,000	3,000	3,000
	Estimated Population	15,000	14,000	15,000	14,000
	Percent of Population	62.4%	45.6%	19.7%	18.7%
45 to 54	Estimated Number	6,000	6,000	2,000	2,000
	Estimated Population	13,000	11,000	12,000	11,000
	Percent of Population	49.3%	56.1%	16.3%	19.2%
55 to 64	Estimated Number	3,000	6,000	1,000	-
	Estimated Population	9,000	10,000	9,000	-
	Percent of Population	37.1%	54.4%	8.4%	-
65 and Over	Estimated Number	5,000	8,000	-	1,000
	Estimated Population	14,000	15,000	-	15,000
	Percent of Population	33.0%	51.0%		6.0%

Figure 1.5
Past Month Alcohol Use by Age Category

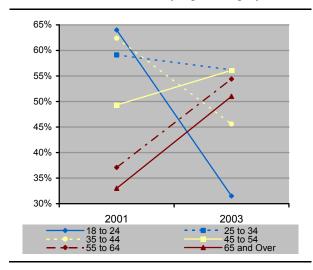
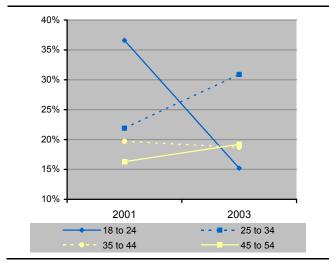


Figure 1.6 Past Month Binge Drinking by Age Category



## Indicators 1 & 2: Prevalence of Past Month Alcohol Use (Continued)

Table 1.5
Estimated Number of Adolescents Under Age 18 Reporting Past Month Binge Drinking in **Colusa, Glenn** and **Tehama** Counties

CALIFORNIA         Estimated Number Estimated Population Percent of Population         3,040,000         3,260,000           Glenn County         Estimated Number Estimated Number Percent of Population         4,000         5,000           Estimated Population Percent of Population         41.0%         49.2%           Male         Estimated Number Estimated Population Percent of Population         5,000         4,000           Percent of Population 3,000 3,000 Percent of Population 3,000 3,000 Percent of Population Percent of Population 7,000 6,000 Percent of Population Percent of			2001	2003
Percent of Population   6.6%   6.3%	CALIFORNIA	Estimated Number	200,000	205,000
Signated Number   4,000   5,000		Estimated Population	3,040,000	3,260,000
Estimated Population   11,000   9,000   Percent of Population   41.0%   49.2%   49.2%		Percent of Population	6.6%	6.3%
Percent of Population	Glenn County	Estimated Number	4,000	5,000
Male         Estimated Number         2,000         3,000           Estimated Population         5,000         4,000           Percent of Population         42.5%         71.9%           Female         Estimated Number         2,000         2,000           Estimated Population         5,000         6,000           Percent of Population         -         -           American Indian         Estimated Number         -         -           Estimated Population         -         -         -           Percent of Population         3,000         3,000           Percent of Population         35.6%         38.4%           White         Estimated Number         3,000         3,000           Estimated Population         7,000         6,000           Percent of P		Estimated Population	11,000	9,000
Estimated Population   5,000   4,000     Percent of Population   42.5%   71.9%     Female		Percent of Population	41.0%	49.2%
Percent of Population	Male	Estimated Number	2,000	3,000
Female         Estimated Number Estimated Population         2,000         2,000           Estimated Population         5,000         6,000           Percent of Population         39.5%         34.9%    American Indian  Estimated Number  Estimated Population  Percent of Population  Stimated Population  Percent of Population  Stimated Population  Percent of Populatio		Estimated Population	5,000	4,000
Estimated Population   5,000   6,000   Rercent of Population   39.5%   34.9%		Percent of Population	42.5%	71.9%
Percent of Population   39.5%   34.9%	Female	Estimated Number	2,000	2,000
American Indian    Estimated Number   -   -   -		Estimated Population	5,000	6,000
Estimated Population		Percent of Population	39.5%	34.9%
Percent of Population	American Indian	Estimated Number	-	
Asian/Pacific Islander		Estimated Population	-	-
Estimated Population		Percent of Population	-	-
Percent of Population	Asian/Pacific Islander	Estimated Number	-	-
Black   Estimated Number   -   -   -       Estimated Population   -   -       Percent of Population   -   -     Hispanic   Estimated Number   1,000   1,000     Estimated Population   3,000   3,000     Percent of Population   35.6%   38.4%    White   Estimated Number   3,000   3,000     Estimated Population   7,000   6,000     Percent of Population   45.9%   52.5%    Other   Estimated Number   -   -     Estimated Population   -   -		Estimated Population	-	-
Estimated Population		Percent of Population	-	-
Percent of Population	Black	Estimated Number	-	-
Hispanic         Estimated Number         1,000         1,000           Estimated Population         3,000         3,000           Percent of Population         35.6%         38.4%           White         Estimated Number         3,000         3,000           Estimated Population         7,000         6,000           Percent of Population         45.9%         52.5%           Other         Estimated Number         -         -           Estimated Population         -         -		Estimated Population	-	-
Estimated Population 3,000 3,000 Percent of Population 35.6% 38.4%  White Estimated Number 3,000 3,000 Estimated Population 7,000 6,000 Percent of Population 45.9% 52.5%  Other Estimated Number Estimated Population		Percent of Population	-	-
Percent of Population   35.6%   38.4%	Hispanic	Estimated Number	1,000	1,000
White         Estimated Number         3,000         3,000           Estimated Population         7,000         6,000           Percent of Population         45.9%         52.5%           Other         Estimated Number         -         -           Estimated Population         -         -		Estimated Population	3,000	3,000
Estimated Population         7,000         6,000           Percent of Population         45.9%         52.5%           Other         Estimated Number         -         -           Estimated Population         -         -		Percent of Population	35.6%	38.4%
Percent of Population 45.9% 52.5%  Other Estimated Number Estimated Population	White	Estimated Number	3,000	3,000
Other Estimated Number		Estimated Population	7,000	6,000
Estimated Population		Percent of Population	45.9%	52.5%
·	Other	Estimated Number	-	-
Percent of Population		Estimated Population	-	-
		Percent of Population	-	<u>-</u>

#### Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment

#### **Key Findings**

- In 2004 there were 213 admissions to alcohol and drug treatment in Glenn county, an increase from 194 admissions in 2000. The rate of admissions in 2004 was 997 per 100,000, higher than the statewide average of 802 admissions per 100,000.
- Roughly 48 percent of admissions to alcohol and drug treatment in 2004 were for methamphetamine use, an increase from 27 percent in 2000. Roughly 24 percent of admissions in 2004 were for alcohol use, a sharp decrease from 52 percent of admissions in 2000. In 2004 about 21 percent of admissions were for marijuana use compared to 15 percent in 2000.
- Admissions to alcohol and drug treatment in 2004 were common across several age brackets. Roughly 26 percent of admissions were for individuals between 35 and 44 years, about 23 percent for individuals between 18 and 24 years, and about 22 percent for individuals between 25 and 34 years. Youth between 10 and 17 years accounted for about 17 percent of all admissions, a decrease from 30 percent of admissions in 2000.
- In 2004 Whites accounted for 64 percent of admissions to alcohol and drug treatment, a
  decrease from 95 percent in 2000. In 2004 Hispanics accounted for 24 percent of
  admissions, significantly higher than four percent in 2000.
- In 2004 males accounted for about 58 percent of admissions to alcohol and drug treatment.
- About 83 percent of individuals admitted in 2004 had initiated substance use prior to the age of 21, and over two-thirds had initiated prior to age 18.
- Roughly 12 percent of those admitted in 2004 were IV drug users.
- About three percent of those admitted in 2004 were pregnant.
- In 2004 there were 37 youth between 10 and 17 years admitted to alcohol and drug treatment, a decrease from 58 in 2000. Of the 37 admitted, 22 were admitted for marijuana use, nine for alcohol use, and six for methamphetamine use.
- Of the 37 youth admitted in 2004, 20 were male. Hispanics accounted for 18 of the 37 youth admissions, and Whites accounted for 17 admissions.



#### Indicator 3: Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment

The number of admissions to publicly funded alcohol and other drug treatment facilities in California and rate of admission per 100,000 population 10 to 69 years.

Table/Figure 3.1 Number of Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment and Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Statewide Rates

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Number of Treatment Admissions	194	280	268	224	213
Population 10-69	19,954	20,195	20,588	21,076	21,367
Rate per 100,000	972.2	1386.5	1301.7	1062.8	996.9
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	842.3	915.6	908.4	862.1	801.7

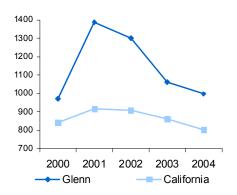


Table 3.2
AOD Treatment Admissions by Primary Drug Type, Percent of Total Admissions, and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-69 Years

2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 **TOTAL ADMISSIONS** 280 194 268 224 213 73 101 Methamphetamines 53 113 103 27.3% 26.1% 37.7% 50.4% 48.4% 361.5 490.6 536.2 482.1 265.6 Alcohol 100 143 83 54 51 51.5% 51.1% 31.0% 24.1% 23.9% 501.2 708.1 403.1 256.2 238.7 Marijuana 29 51 71 45 44 14.9% 18.2% 26.5% 20.1% 20.7% 145.3 252.5 344.9 213.5 205.9 Heroin 1 5 5 7 5 0.4% 1.9% 2.6% 3.1% 2.3% 25.1 5.0 24.3 33.2 23.4 Crack/Cocaine 3 1 2 4 1 1.1% 0.5% 0.4% 0.9% 1.9% 5.0 14.9 4.9 9.5 18.7 Other Drugs 3 6 9 7 6 3.2% 2.6% 3.1% 1.3% 2.8% 30.1 44.6 34.0 14.2 28.1

Figure 3.2 2000 Admissions by Primary Drug Type

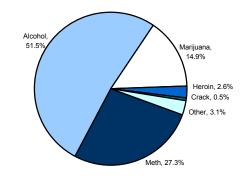


Figure 3.3 2004 Admissions by Primary Drug Type

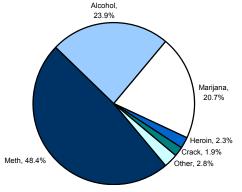


Table 3.3
Treatment Admissions by Client Age and Age-Specific Rate per 100,000 Population

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
TOTAL ADMISSIONS		194	280	268	224	213
10-17 Years	Number	58	115	69	47	37
	Population	3,946	3,935	3,926	3,938	3,883
	Rate per 100,000	1469.8	2922.5	1757.5	1193.5	952.9
	Percent of Total	29.9%	41.1%	25.7%	21.0%	17.4%
18-24 Years	Number	23	41	55	59	49
	Population	2,364	2,505	2,750	2,993	3,181
	Rate per 100,000	972.9	1636.7	2000.0	1971.3	1540.4
	Percent of Total	11.9%	14.6%	20.5%	26.3%	23.0%
25-34 Years	Number	46	47	54	51	47
	Population	3,231	3,243	3,216	3,170	3,156
	Rate per 100,000	1423.7	1449.3	1679.1	1608.8	1489.2
	Percent of Total	23.7%	16.8%	20.1%	22.8%	22.1%
35-44 Years	Number	37	48	62	44	56
	Population	3,916	3,850	3,842	3,857	3,827
	Rate per 100,000	944.8	1246.8	1613.7	1140.8	1463.3
	Percent of Total	19.1%	17.1%	23.1%	19.6%	26.3%
45-54 Years	Number	24	23	22	19	18
	Population	3,277	3,398	3,492	3,624	3,699
	Rate per 100,000	732.4	676.9	630.0	524.3	486.6
	Percent of Total	12.4%	8.2%	8.2%	8.5%	8.5%
55-64 Years	Number	4	5	5	3	5
	Population	2,322	2,367	2,453	2,533	2,619
	Rate per 100,000	172.3	211.2	203.8	118.4	190.9
	Percent of Total	2.1%	1.8%	1.9%	1.3%	2.3%
65+ Years	Number	2	1	1	1	1
	Population	3,457	3,477	3,519	3,600	3,627
	Rate per 100,000	57.9	28.8	28.4	27.8	27.6
	Percent of Total	1.0%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%

Table 3.4 Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment by Client Race/Ethnicity and Rate per 100,000

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
TOTAL ADMISSIONS		194	280	268	224	213
American Indian	Number	1	17	7	14	11
	Population	352	361	368	381	389
	Rate per 100,000	284.1	4709.1	1902.2	3674.5	2827.8
	Percent of Total	0.5%	6.1%	2.6%	6.3%	5.2%
Asian/Pacific	Number	0	1	4	5	10
Islander	Population	691	719	749	775	795
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	139.1	534.0	645.2	1257.9
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.4%	1.5%	2.2%	4.7%
Black	Number	0	2	1	2	5
	Population	110	11	112	112	112
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	18181.8	892.9	1785.7	4464.3
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.7%	0.4%	0.9%	2.3%
Hispanic	Number	8	29	15	50	51
	Population	5,876	6,031	6,233	6,464	6,636
	Rate per 100,000	136.1	480.8	240.7	773.5	768.5
	Percent of Total	4.1%	10.4%	5.6%	22.3%	23.9%
White	Number	185	229	241	150	136
	Population	12,615	12,656	12,802	13,012	13,094
	Rate per 100,000	1466.5	1809.4	1882.5	1152.8	1038.6
	Percent of Total	95.4%	81.8%	89.9%	67.0%	63.8%
Other	Number	0	2	0	3	0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.7%	0.0%	1.3%	0.0%

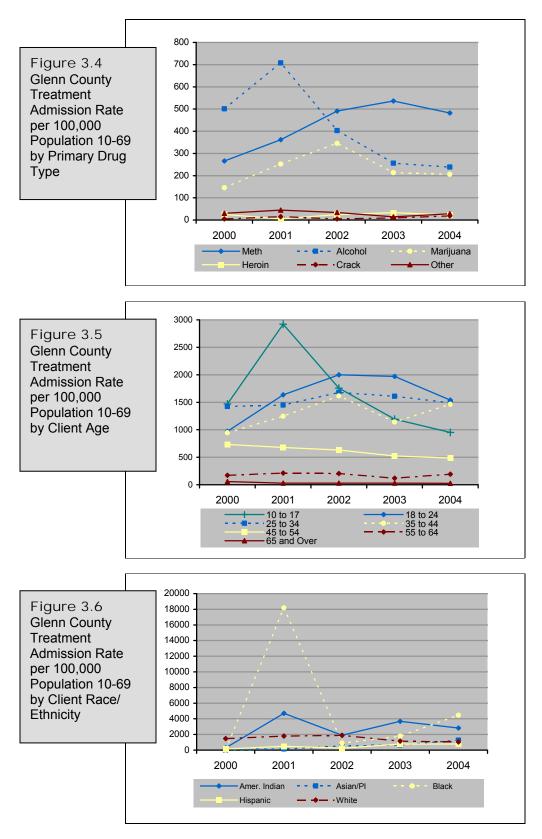


Table 3.5 Characteristics of Clients Admitted to Alcohol and Drug Treatment

		20	000	20	001	2	002	2003		2004	
TOTAL COUNTY	ADMISSIONS	194	100.0%	280	100.0%	268	100.0%	224	100.0%	213	100.0%
Gender	Male	114	58.8%	173	61.8%	159	59.3%	116	51.8%	124	58.2%
	Female	80	41.2%	107	38.2%	109	40.7%	108	48.2%	89	41.8%
Age Initiated Substance Use	Under 10	13	6.7%	18	6.4%	13	4.9%	6	2.7%	9	4.2%
	11 to 12	21	10.8%	44	15.7%	31	11.6%	39	17.4%	24	11.3%
	13 to 14	51	26.3%	79	28.2%	61	22.8%	47	21.0%	44	20.7%
	15 to 17	60	30.9%	72	25.7%	84	31.3%	70	31.3%	61	28.6%
	18 to 20	14	7.2%	18	6.4%	29	10.8%	24	10.7%	32	15.0%
	21 and over	31	16.0%	37	13.2%	43	16.0%	35	15.6%	37	17.4%
IV Drug Users	Yes	19	9.8%	24	8.6%	35	13.1%	31	13.8%	26	12.2%
	No	175	90.2%	256	91.4%	233	86.9%	193	86.2%	187	87.8%
Pregnant	Yes	1	1.3%	6	5.6%	11	10.1%	8	7.4%	3	3.4%

Table 3.6
AOD Treatment Admissions by Primary Drug Type, Percent of Total Admissions, and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-17 Years

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
TOTAL ADMISSIONS		58	115	69	47	37
Methamphetamines	Number	3	4	1	4	6
	Population 10-17	3,946	3,935	3,926	3,938	3,883
	Percent of Total	5.2%	3.5%	1.4%	8.5%	16.2%
	Rate per 100,000	76.0	101.7	25.5	101.6	154.5
Alcohol	Number	42	75	37	21	9
	Population 10-17	3,946	3,935	3,926	3,938	3,883
	Percent of Total	72.4%	65.2%	53.6%	44.7%	24.3%
	Rate per 100,000	1064.4	1906.0	942.4	533.3	231.8
Marijuana	Number	13	31	31	21	22
	Population 10-17	3,946	3,935	3,926	3,938	3,883
	Percent of Total	22.4%	27.0%	44.9%	44.7%	59.5%
	Rate per 100,000	329.4	787.8	789.6	533.3	566.6
Heroin	Number	0	0	0	0	0
	Population 10-17	3,946	3,935	3,926	3,938	3,883
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Crack/Cocaine	Number	0	1	0	1	0
	Population 10-17	3,946	3,935	3,926	3,938	3,883
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%	2.1%	0.0%
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	25.4	0.0	25.4	0.0
Other Drugs	Number	0	4	0	0	0
	Population 10-17	3,946	3,935	3,926	3,938	3,883
	Percent of Total	0.0%	3.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	101.7	0.0	0.0	0.0

Figure 3.7 2004 Admissions by Primary Drug Type Among Youth Under 18 Years

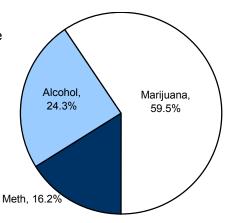


Table 3.7
AOD Treatment Admissions among Youth Under Age 18 by Client Race/Ethnicity, Rate per 100,000
Population 10 to 17, and Percent of Total Admissions

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
TOTAL ADMISSIONS	UNDER 18 YEARS	58	115	69	47	37
Male	Number	48	86	43	26	20
	Population 10-17	2,059	2,023	2,011	2,001	1,964
	Rate per 100,000	2331.2	4251.1	2138.2	1299.4	1018.3
	Percent of Total	82.8%	74.8%	62.3%	55.3%	54.1%
Female	Number	10	29	26	21	17
	Population 10-17	1,887	1,912	1,915	1,937	1,919
	Rate per 100,000	529.9	1516.7	1357.7	1084.2	885.9
	Percent of Total	17.2%	25.2%	37.7%	44.7%	45.9%
		<u> </u>				
American Indian	Number	1	1	1	3	1
	Population 10-17	75	78	80	82	78
	Rate per 100,000	1333.3	1282.1	1250.0	3658.5	1282.1
	Percent of Total	1.7%	0.9%	1.4%	6.4%	2.7%
Asian/Pacific Islander	Number	0	0	1	1	1
	Population 10-17	245	247	249	243	224
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	401.6	411.5	446.4
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	1.4%	2.1%	2.7%
Black	Number	0	0	0	1	0
	Population 10-17	23	22	21	19	14
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	5263.2	0.0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.1%	0.0%
Hispanic	Number	3	22	8	20	18
	Population 10-17	1,396	1,401	1,412	1,444	1,459
	Rate per 100,000	214.9	1570.3	566.6	1385.0	1233.7
	Percent of Total	5.2%	19.1%	11.6%	42.6%	48.6%
White	Number	54	92	59	20	17
	Population 10-17	2,121	2,104	2,083	2,066	2,024
	Rate per 100,000	2546.0	4372.6	2832.5	968.1	839.9
	Percent of Total	93.1%	80.0%	85.5%	42.6%	45.9%
Other	Number	0	0	0	2	0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4.3%	0.0%

#### Alcohol and Drug-Related Crime

#### Key Findings

- There were 288 arrests for drug-related crimes in 2004, an increase from 216 arrests in 2000. The rate of arrest in 2004 was 1348 per 100,000, higher than the statewide average of 1023 per 100,000.
- In 2004 roughly 39 percent of arrests for drug-related crime were for dangerous drugs, about 16 percent for marijuana, and about five percent for narcotics. The remaining 39 percent were for other drug violations.
- Roughly two-thirds of arrests for drug-related crime in 2004 were for Whites, and about 27 percent were for Hispanics.
- The highest proportion and highest rate of arrest for drug-related crimes in 2004 were for individuals between 18 and 24 years. This age bracket accounted for 31 percent of all arrests at a rate of 2798 per 100,000. Individuals between 25 and 34 years and between 35 and 44 years each accounted for about one-fourth of all drug-related arrests. The rate of arrest declined with age. Youth between 10 and 17 years accounted for about nine percent of all drug-related arrests in 2004.
- There were 26 arrests for drug-related crimes for youth between 10 and 17 years, and males accounted for 73 percent of the total.
- Of the 26 arrests for drug-related crimes in 2004, 17 were Hispanic and eight were White.
- In 2004 there were 610 arrests for alcohol-related crimes, an increase from 528 in 2000. The rate of arrest in 2004 was 2855 arrests per 100,000, significantly higher than the statewide average of 1087 pre 100,000.
- Almost three-fourths of alcohol-related arrests in 2004 were for driving under the influence, and about 23 percent were for drunkenness. Liquor law violations accounted for about four percent of the total.
- Roughly 51 percent of alcohol-related arrests in 2004 were Hispanic, and about 44 percent were White.
- In 2004 about three-fourths of alcohol-related arrests were for individuals between 18 and 44 years. Youth between 10 and 17 accounted for about four percent of the total.
- There were 27 alcohol-related arrests for youth between 10 and 17 years in 2004, and 16 were male. About 63 percent were White and about one-third were Hispanic.

#### Indicator 4: Arrests for Drug-Related Crime

The number of felony and misdemeanor arrests for drug crimes, including dangerous drugs, narcotics, marijuana, and other drug violations and rate per 100,000 population 10 to 69 years.

Table/Figure 4.1 Number of Felony and Misdemeanor Arrests for Drug Offenses and Rate per 100,000 Population 10 to 69 Years

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Number of Drug Arrests	216	252	267	265	288
Population 10-69	19,954	20,195	20,588	21,076	21,367
Rate per 100,000	1082.5	1247.8	1296.9	1257.4	1347.9
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	961.8	930.4	939.7	985.7	1023.4

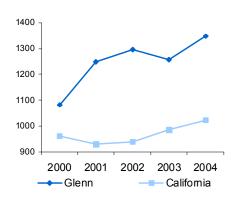


Table 4.2 Number of Felony and Misdemeanor Arrests for Drug Offenses by Specific Offense and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-69 Years

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL DRUG ARRESTS		216	252	267	265	288
Dangerous Drugs	Number	106	114	98	121	113
	Population 10-69	19,954	20,195	20,588	21,076	21,367
	Rate per 100,000	531.2	564.5	476.0	574.1	528.9
	Percent of Total	49.1%	45.2%	36.7%	45.7%	39.2%
Narcotics	Number	10	10	6	6	15
	Population 10-69	19,954	20,195	20,588	21,076	21,367
	Rate per 100,000	50.1	49.5	29.1	28.5	70.2
	Percent of Total	4.6%	4.0%	2.2%	2.3%	5.2%
Marijuana	Number	64	59	58	51	47
	Population 10-69	19,954	20,195	20,588	21,076	21,367
	Rate per 100,000	320.7	292.2	281.7	242.0	220.0
	Percent of Total	29.6%	23.4%	21.7%	19.2%	16.3%
Other Drug Violations	Number	36	69	105	87	113
	Population 10-69	19,954	20,195	20,588	21,076	21,367
	Rate per 100,000	180.4	341.7	510.0	412.8	528.9
	Percent of Total	16.7%	27.4%	39.3%	32.8%	39.2%

Table 4.3 Number of Arrests for Felony and Misdemeanor Drug Offenses by Race/Ethnicity of Offender and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-69 Years

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL DRUG ARRE	STS	216	252	267	265	288
American Indian	Number	4	2	6	13	7
	Population	352	361	368	381	389
	Rate per 100,000	1136.4	554.0	1630.4	3412.1	1799.5
	Percent of Total	1.9%	0.8%	2.2%	4.9%	2.4%
Asian/Pacific	Number	1	4	16	7	7
Islander	Population	691	719	749	775	795
	Rate per 100,000	144.7	556.3	2136.2	903.2	880.5
	Percent of Total	0.5%	1.6%	6.0%	2.6%	2.4%
Black	Number	3	4	3	6	3
	Population	110	11	112	112	112
	Rate per 100,000	2727.3	36363.6	2678.6	5357.1	2678.6
	Percent of Total	1.4%	1.6%	1.1%	2.3%	1.0%
Hispanic	Number	62	59	56	80	79
	Population	5,876	6,031	6,233	6,464	6,636
	Rate per 100,000	1055.1	978.3	898.4	1237.6	1190.5
	Percent of Total	28.7%	23.4%	21.0%	30.2%	27.4%
White	Number	144	182	185	159	191
	Population	12,615	12,656	12,802	13,012	13,094
	Rate per 100,000	1141.5	1438.1	1445.1	1221.9	1458.7
	Percent of Total	66.7%	72.2%	69.3%	60.0%	66.3%
Other	Number	2	1	1	0	1
	Percent of Total	0.9%	0.4%	0.4%	0.0%	0.3%

Table 4.4 Number of Arrests for Felony and Misdemeanor Drug Offenses by Age of Offender and Age-Specific Rate per 100,000 Population

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL DRUG ARI	RESTS	216	252	267	265	288
10-17 Years	Number	26	23	12	46	26
	Population	3,946	3,935	3,926	3,938	3,883
	Rate per 100,000	658.9	584.5	305.7	1168.1	669.6
	Percent of Total	12.0%	9.1%	4.5%	17.4%	9.0%
18-24 Years	Number	65	76	99	82	89
	Population	2,364	2,505	2,750	2,993	3,181
	Rate per 100,000	2749.6	3033.9	3600.0	2739.7	2797.9
	Percent of Total	30.1%	30.2%	37.1%	30.9%	30.9%
25-34 Years	Number	61	70	72	69	71
	Population	3,231	3,243	3,216	3,170	3,156
	Rate per 100,000	1888.0	2158.5	2238.8	2176.7	2249.7
	Percent of Total	28.2%	27.8%	27.0%	26.0%	24.7%
35-44 Years	Number	49	59	55	45	76
	Population	3,916	3,850	3,842	3,857	3,827
	Rate per 100,000	1251.3	1532.5	1431.5	1166.7	1985.9
	Percent of Total	22.7%	23.4%	20.6%	17.0%	26.4%
45-54 Years	Number	12	19	22	20	24
	Population	3,277	3,398	3,492	3,624	3,699
	Rate per 100,000	366.2	559.2	630.0	551.9	648.8
	Percent of Total	5.6%	7.5%	8.2%	7.5%	8.3%
55-64 Years	Number	3	3	6	2	2
	Population	2,322	2,367	2,453	2,533	2,619
	Rate per 100,000	129.2	126.7	244.6	79.0	76.4
	Percent of Total	1.4%	1.2%	2.2%	0.8%	0.7%
65+ Years	Number	0	2	1	1	0
	Population	3,457	3,477	3,519	3,600	3,627
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	57.5	28.4	27.8	0.0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.8%	0.4%	0.4%	0.0%

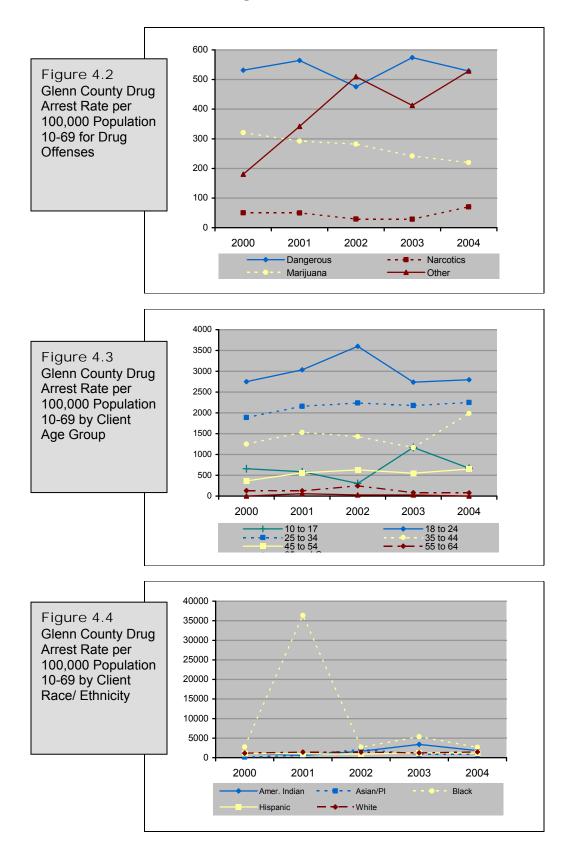


Table 4.5
Number of Arrests for Felony and Misdemeanor Drug Offenses by Gender and Race among Underage Offenders and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-17 Years

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL DRUG ARRESTS	UNDER 18 YEARS	26	23	12	46	26
Male	Number	22	16	12	40	19
	Population 10-17	2,059	2,023	2,011	2,001	1,964
	Rate per 100,000	1068.5	790.9	596.7	1999.0	967.4
	Percent of Total	84.6%	69.6%	100.0%	87.0%	73.1%
Female	Number	4	7	0	6	7
	Population 10-17	1,887	1,912	1,915	1,937	1,919
	Rate per 100,000	212.0	366.1	0.0	309.8	364.8
	Percent of Total	15.4%	30.4%	0.0%	13.0%	26.9%
		Ī				
American Indian	Number	0	1	0	0	1
	Population 10-17	75	78	80	82	78
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	1282.1	0.0	0.0	1282.1
	Percent of Total	0.0%	4.3%	0.0%	0.0%	3.8%
Asian/Pacific Islander	Number	0	1	1	1	0
	Population 10-17	245	247	249	243	224
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	404.9	401.6	411.5	0.0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	4.3%	8.3%	2.2%	0.0%
Black	Number	1	0	0	0	0
	Population 10-17	23	22	21	19	14
	Rate per 100,000	4347.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Percent of Total	3.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Hispanic	Number	7	4	4	24	17
	Population 10-17	1,396	1,401	1,412	1,444	1,459
	Rate per 100,000	501.4	285.5	283.3	1662.0	1165.2
	Percent of Total	26.9%	17.4%	33.3%	52.2%	65.4%
White	Number	18	17	7	21	8
	Population 10-17	2,121	2,104	2,083	2,066	2,024
	Rate per 100,000	848.7	808.0	336.1	1016.5	395.3
	Percent of Total	69.2%	73.9%	58.3%	45.7%	30.8%
Other	Number	0	0	0	0	0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
		•				

#### Indicator 5: Arrests for Alcohol-Related Crime

The number of felony and misdemeanor arrests for alcohol-related crimes, including felony and misdemeanor driving under-the-influence, public drunkenness, and liquor law violations and rate per 100,000 population 10 to 69 years.

Table/Figure 5.1 Number of Felony and Misdemeanor Arrests for Alcohol Offenses and Rate per 100,000 Population 10 to 69 Years

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Number of Alcohol Arrests	528	546	477	528	610
Population 10-69	19,954	20,195	20,588	21,076	21,367
Rate per 100,000	2646.1	2703.6	2316.9	2505.2	2854.9
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	1238.2	1166.6	1124.7	1127.8	1087.4

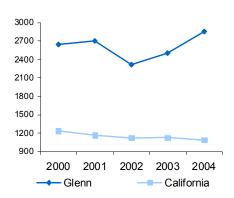


Table 5.2 Number of Felony and Misdemeanor Arrests for Alcohol Offenses by Specific Offense and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-69 Years

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL ALCOHOL ARRE	STS	528	546	477	528	610
Driving-Under-the-	Number	297	321	308	384	450
Influence	Population 10-69	19,954	20,195	20,588	21,076	21,367
	Rate per 100,000	1488.4	1589.5	1496.0	1822.0	2106.1
	Percent of Total	56.3%	58.8%	64.6%	72.7%	73.8%
Drunk	Number	175	155	137	107	137
	Population 10-69	19,954	20,195	20,588	21,076	21,367
	Rate per 100,000	877.0	767.5	665.4	507.7	641.2
	Percent of Total	33.1%	28.4%	28.7%	20.3%	22.5%
Liquor Law Violations	Number	56	70	32	37	23
	Population 10-69	19,954	20,195	20,588	21,076	21,367
	Rate per 100,000	280.6	346.6	155.4	175.6	107.6
	Percent of Total	10.6%	12.8%	6.7%	7.0%	3.8%

Table 5.3 Number of Arrests for Felony and Misdemeanor Alcohol Offenses by Race/Ethnicity of Offender and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-69 Years

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL ALCOHOL A	RRESTS	528	546	477	528	610
American Indian	Number	10	16	9	6	8
	Population	352	361	368	381	389
	Rate per 100,000	2840.9	4432.1	2445.7	1574.8	2056.6
	Percent of Total	1.9%	2.9%	1.9%	1.1%	1.3%
Asian/Pacific	Number	8	7	9	13	9
Islander	Population	691	719	749	775	795
	Rate per 100,000	1157.7	973.6	1201.6	1677.4	1132.1
	Percent of Total	1.5%	1.3%	1.9%	2.5%	1.5%
Black	Number	4	9	3	9	9
	Population	110	11	112	112	112
	Rate per 100,000	3636.4	81818.2	2678.6	8035.7	8035.7
	Percent of Total	0.8%	1.6%	0.6%	1.7%	1.5%
Hispanic	Number	207	206	191	225	309
	Population	5,876	6,031	6,233	6,464	6,636
	Rate per 100,000	3522.8	3415.7	3064.3	3480.8	4656.4
	Percent of Total	39.2%	37.7%	40.0%	42.6%	50.7%
White	Number	297	305	260	272	271
	Population	12,615	12,656	12,802	13,012	13,094
	Rate per 100,000	2354.3	2409.9	2030.9	2090.4	2069.7
	Percent of Total	56.3%	55.9%	54.5%	51.5%	44.4%
Other	Number	2	3	5	3	4
	Percent of Total	0.4%	0.5%	1.0%	0.6%	0.7%

Table 5.4 Number of Arrests for Felony and Misdemeanor Alcohol Offenses by Age of Offender and Age-Specific Rate per 100,000 Population

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL ALCOHOL	ARRESTS	528	546	477	528	610
10-17 Years	Number	57	63	24	35	27
	Population	3,946	3,935	3,926	3,938	3,883
	Rate per 100,000	1444.5	1601.0	611.3	888.8	695.3
	Percent of Total	10.8%	11.5%	5.0%	6.6%	4.4%
18-24 Years	Number	134	119	111	123	155
	Population	2,364	2,505	2,750	2,993	3,181
	Rate per 100,000	5668.4	4750.5	4036.4	4109.6	4872.7
	Percent of Total	25.4%	21.8%	23.3%	23.3%	25.4%
25-34 Years	Number	127	130	139	150	157
	Population	3,231	3,243	3,216	3,170	3,156
	Rate per 100,000	3930.7	4008.6	4322.1	4731.9	4974.7
	Percent of Total	24.1%	23.8%	29.1%	28.4%	25.7%
35-44 Years	Number	120	122	120	98	142
	Population	3,916	3,850	3,842	3,857	3,827
	Rate per 100,000	3064.4	3168.8	3123.4	2540.8	3710.5
	Percent of Total	22.7%	22.3%	25.2%	18.6%	23.3%
45-54 Years	Number	65	72	62	85	103
	Population	3,277	3,398	3,492	3,624	3,699
	Rate per 100,000	1983.5	2118.9	1775.5	2345.5	2784.5
	Percent of Total	12.3%	13.2%	13.0%	16.1%	16.9%
55-64 Years	Number	16	32	18	23	20
	Population	2,322	2,367	2,453	2,533	2,619
	Rate per 100,000	689.1	1351.9	733.8	908.0	763.7
	Percent of Total	3.0%	5.9%	3.8%	4.4%	3.3%
65+ Years	Number	9	8	3	14	6
	Population	3,457	3,477	3,519	3,600	3,627
	Rate per 100,000	260.3	230.1	85.3	388.9	165.4
	Percent of Total	1.7%	1.5%	0.6%	2.7%	1.0%

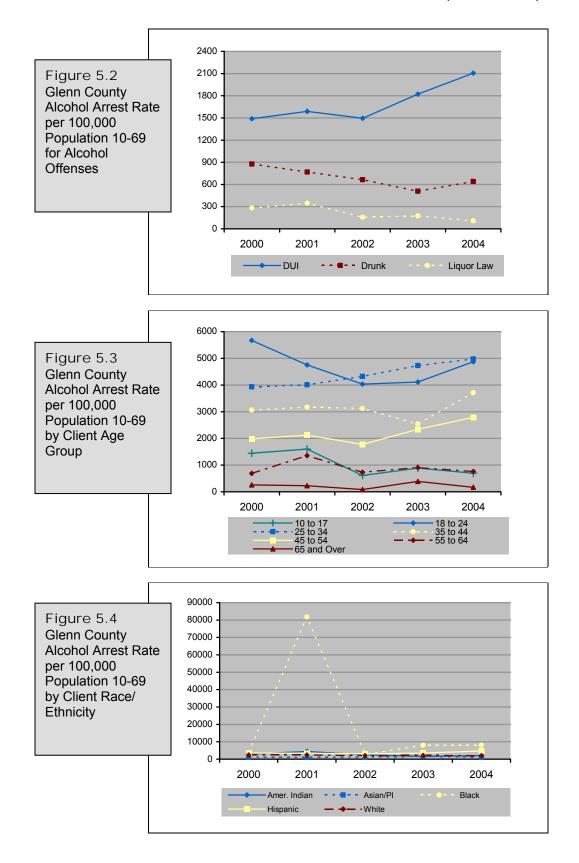


Table 5.5 Number of Arrests for Felony and Misdemeanor Alcohol Offenses by Gender and Race among Underage Offenders and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-17 Years

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL ALCOHOL ARRE	STS UNDER 18 YEARS	57	63	24	35	27
Male	Number	42	44	14	13	16
	Population 10-17	2,059	2,023	2,011	2,001	1,964
	Rate per 100,000	2039.8	2175.0	696.2	649.7	814.7
	Percent of Total	73.7%	69.8%	58.3%	37.1%	59.3%
Female	Number	15	19	10	22	11
	Population 10-17	1,887	1,912	1,915	1,937	1,919
	Rate per 100,000	794.9	993.7	522.2	1135.8	573.2
	Percent of Total	26.3%	30.2%	41.7%	62.9%	40.7%
American Indian	Number	0	0	1	0	1
	Population 10-17	75	78	80	82	78
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	1250.0	0.0	1282.1
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	4.2%	0.0%	3.7%
Asian/Pacific Islander	Number	4	0	1	2	0
	Population 10-17	245	247	249	243	224
	Rate per 100,000	1632.7	0.0	401.6	823.0	0.0
	Percent of Total	7.0%	0.0%	4.2%	5.7%	0.0%
Black	Number	1	0	0	0	0
	Population 10-17	23	22	21	19	14
	Rate per 100,000	4347.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Percent of Total	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Hispanic	Number	17	16	7	9	9
	Population 10-17	1,396	1,401	1,412	1,444	1,459
	Rate per 100,000	1217.8	1142.0	495.8	623.3	616.9
	Percent of Total	29.8%	25.4%	29.2%	25.7%	33.3%
White	Number	35	47	15	24	17
	Population 10-17	2,121	2,104	2,083	2,066	2,024
	Rate per 100,000	1650.2	2233.8	720.1	1161.7	839.9
	Percent of Total	61.4%	74.6%	62.5%	68.6%	63.0%
Other	Number	0	0	0	0	0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

#### Drinking and Driving

#### **Key Findings**

- In 2003 there were four fatalities from alcohol-involved motor vehicle accidents, an increase from one fatality in 2000. The fatality rate in 2003 was 14.4 per 100,000, significantly higher than the statewide average of 4.0 per 100,000.
- In 2003 there were 63 alcohol-involved accidents in Glenn county, more than double the 31 accidents in 2000. Alcohol-involved accidents accounted for 14 percent of all collisions in 2003. The number of persons injured in alcohol-involved accidents increased from 16 in 2000 to 45 in 2003.
- There were 64 parties who had been drinking in alcohol-involved accidents in 2003, double the number in 2000. Over three-quarters of the parties in 2003 were male.
- Of the 64 parties involved in alcohol-related motor vehicle accidents in 2003, 36 were White, and 22 were Hispanic.
- Individuals between 18 and 24 accounted for 38 percent of parties in alcohol-involved accidents, an increase from 19 percent in 2000. Individuals between 25 and 34 years accounted for 27 percent of parties in alcohol-involved accidents, an increase from 22 percent in 2000.
- There were eight underage parties less than 21 years in alcohol-involved accidents in 2003, and five were male. There were five Whites and three Hispanics.
- In 2003 an estimated 32 percent of youth had ridden in a car with someone who had been drinking, higher than the statewide average of 20 percent.



#### Indicators 6: Alcohol-Involved Motor Vehicle Accidents

The number of alcohol-involved motor vehicle accidents and number of persons injured or killed and rate of admission per 100,000 population

Table/Figure 6.1 Glenn County Fatalities in Alcohol-Involved Accidents and Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Statewide Rates

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of Fatalities	1	1	4	4
Total Population	26,764	29,951	27,347	27,854
Rate per 100,000	3.7	3.3	14.6	14.4
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	3.6	3.8	4.0	4.0
Healthy People 2010	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0

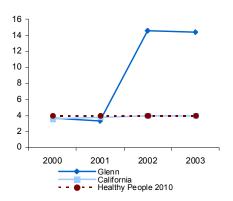


Table 6.2 Glenn County Fatalities in Alcohol-Involved Accidents as a Percent of Total Collisions

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Total Collisions (Glenn)	390	443	444	451
Total Alcohol-Involved Collisions	31	52	77	63
Alcohol-Involved Collisions as a Percent of Total	7.9%	11.7%	17.3%	14.0%
Number of Persons Killed	1	1	4	4
Number of Persons Injured	16	40	55	45

Healthy People 2010 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Reduce the number of traffic fatalities involving alcohol to 4.0 per 100,000 by the year 2010

Table 6.3
Parties in Alcohol-Involved Accidents Who Had Been Drinking by Party Gender and Race and Rate per 100,000 Population Ages 16 and Over

		2000	2001	2002	2003
TOTAL PARTIES W	/HO HAD BEEN DRINKING LVED ACCIDENTS	32	52	78	64
Male	Number	25	42	54	49
	Population	9,799	9,969	10,215	10,476
	Rate per 100,000	255.1	421.3	528.6	467.7
	Percent of Total	78.1%	80.8%	69.2%	76.6%
Female	Number	6	8	20	15
	Population	9,755	9,882	10,063	10,297
	Rate per 100,000	61.5	81.0	198.7	145.7
	Percent of Total	18.8%	15.4%	25.6%	23.4%
Other/Unknown	Number	1	2	4	0
	Percent of Total	3.1%	3.8%	5.1%	0.0%
Black	Number	**	**	1	2
	Population	98	101	106	108
	Rate per 100,000			943.4	1851.9
	Percent of Total			1.3%	3.1%
Hispanic	Number	**	**	21	22
	Population	4,999	5,172	5,364	5,580
	Rate per 100,000			391.5	394.3
	Percent of Total			26.9%	34.4%
White	Number	**	**	48	36
	Population	13,329	13,399	13,566	13,791
	Rate per 100,000			353.8	261.0
	Percent of Total			61.5%	56.3%
Other/Unknown	Number	**	**	8	4
	Percent of Total			10.3%	6.3%

Table 6.4 Parties in Alcohol-Involved Accidents Who Had Been Drinking by Age and Rate per 100,000 Population

		2000	2001	2002	2003
TOTAL PARTIES W	HO HAD BEEN DRINKING	32	52	78	64
10-17 Years	Number	3	1	1 1	
	Population	3,946	3,935	3,926	3,938
	Rate per 100,000	76.0	25.4	25.5	25.4
	Percent of Total	9.4%	1.9%	1.3%	1.6%
18-24 Years	Number	6	11	15	24
	Population	2,364	2,505	2,750	2,993
	Rate per 100,000	253.8	439.1	545.5	801.9
	Percent of Total	18.8%	21.2%	19.2%	37.5%
25-34 Years	Number	7	14	22	17
	Population	3,231	3,243	3,216	3,170
	Rate per 100,000	216.7	431.7	684.1	536.3
	Percent of Total	21.9%	26.9%	28.2%	26.6%
35-44 Years	Number	8	10	12	7
	Population	3,916	3,850	3,842	3,857
	Rate per 100,000	204.3	259.7	312.3	181.5
	Percent of Total	25.0%	19.2%	15.4%	10.9%
45-54 Years	Number	4	8	16	10
	Population	3,277	3,398	3,492	3,624
	Rate per 100,000	122.1	235.4	458.2	275.9
	Percent of Total	12.5%	15.4%	20.5%	15.6%
55-64 Years	Number	1	3	6	3
	Population	2,322	2,367	2,453	2,533
	Rate per 100,000	43.1	126.7	244.6	118.4
	Percent of Total	3.1%	5.8%	7.7%	4.7%
65+ Years	Number	1	2	2	1
	Population	3,457	3,477	3,519	3,600
	Rate per 100,000	28.9	57.5	56.8	27.8
	Percent of Total	3.1%	3.8%	2.6%	1.6%
Other/Unknown	Number	2	3	4	1
	Percent of Total	6.3%	5.8%	5.1%	1.6%

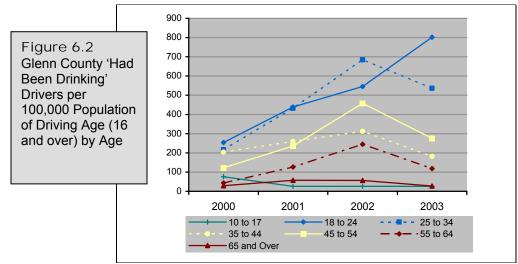


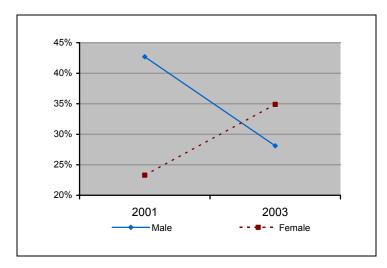
Table 6.5
Underage Parties (<21 Years) in Alcohol-Involved Accidents Who Had been Drinking by Party Gender and Race and Rate per 100,000 Population Ages 16 – 20

		2000	2001	2002	2003
	WHO HAD BEEN DRINKING OLVED ACCIDENTS	4	6	4	8
Male	Number	4	4	3	5
	Population	1,151	1,236	1,326	1,347
	Rate per 100,000	347.5	323.6	226.2	371.2
	Percent of Total	100.0%	66.7%	75.0%	62.5%
Female	Number	0	2	1	3
	Population	975	1,046	1,108	1,163
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	191.2	90.3	258.0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	33.3%	25.0%	37.5%
Black	Number	**	**	0	0
	Population	8	10	14	14
	Rate per 100,000			0.0	0.0
	Percent of Total			0.0%	0.0%
Hispanic	Number	**	**	2	3
	Population	818	839	862	874
	Rate per 100,000			232.0	343.2
	Percent of Total			50.0%	37.5%
White	Number	**	**	2	5
	Population	1,095	1,206	1,303	1,357
	Rate per 100,000			153.5	368.5
	Percent of Total			50.0%	62.5%

Table 6.6
Youth Who Have Ridden in a Car with Someone Who Had Been Drinking Percent of Youth Population by Gender in **Colusa, Glenn** *and* **Tehama** with Comparison to State Rates

	2001			2003			
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	
Estimated Number	4,000	2,000	1,000	3,000	1,000	2,000	
Estimated Population	11,000	5,000	5,000	9,000	4,000	6,000	
Percent of Total	33.3%	42.7%	23.3%	32.3%	28.1%	34.9%	
CALIFORNIA		·	-		<u> </u>		
CALIFORNIA Estimated Percent of Total	18.7%	19.0%	18.5%	20.0%	19.0%	21.0%	

Figure 6.3
Percent of Youth Who Have Ridden in a Car with Someone Who Had Been Drinking



Healthy People 2010 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Reduce the number of high school students who have ridden in a car with someone who had been drinking to 30% by the year 2010

#### Alcohol and Drug-Related Morbidity -

#### **Key Findings**

- In 2003 there were two hospitalizations due to alcohol and drug use in Glenn county. The rate of hospitalizations in 2003 was 7.2 admissions per 100,000, significantly below the statewide average of 89.7 per 100,000.
- Both hospitalizations in 2003 were due to alcohol-related causes. The specific cause of the hospitalizations was alcohol psychosis.

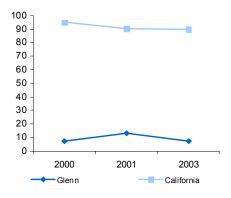


Indicator 7: Hospitalizations Due to Alcohol and Drug Use The number of hospital admissions due to alcohol and drug-related causes and rate per 100,000 population.

Table/Figure 7.1

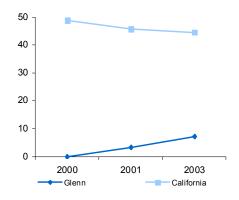
Number of Hospital Admissions Due to Alcohol and Drug-Related Causes (Combined) and Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Statewide Rates

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of Admissions	2	4	**	2
Total Population	26,764	29,951	27,347	27,854
Hospitalization Rate per 100,000	7.5	13.4	**	7.2
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	94.8	90.1	**	89.7



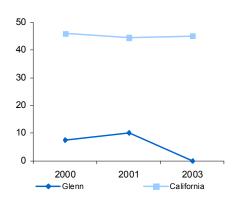
Table/Figure 7.2 Number of Hospital Admissions Due to *Alcohol*-Related Causes and Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Statewide Rates

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of Admissions	0	1	**	2
Total Population	26,764	29,951	27,347	27,854
Hospitalization Rate per 100,000	0.0	3.3	**	7.2
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	48.9	45.7	**	44.6



Table/Figure 7.3 Number of Hospital Admissions Due to *Drug-Related* Causes and Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Statewide Rates

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of Admissions	2	3	**	0
Total Population	26,764	29,951	27,347	27,854
Hospitalization Rate per 100,000	7.5	10.0	**	0.0
CALIFORNIA				
Rate per 100,000	45.9	44.4	**	45.1



#### Indicator 7: Hospitalizations Due to Alcohol and Drug Use (Continued)

Table 7.4 Number of Hospital Admissions Due to Alcohol and Drug-Related Causes by Specific Cause

	2	2000 20		2001	20	02	2	003
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
TOTAL ALCOHOL-RELATED HOSPITALIZATIONS	0	100.0	1	100.0	**	**	2	100.0
Alcohol Psychosis	0	0.0	1	100.0	**	**	2	100.0
Alcohol Abuse	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Alcohol Dependence Syndrome	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Alcohol Gastritis	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Alcoholic Liver Disease	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Fetal Alcohol Syndrome	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Alcohol Poisoning	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Excessive Blood Level of Alcohol	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
TOTAL DRUG-RELATED HOSPITALIZATIONS	2	100.0	3	100.0	**	**	0	100.0
Drug Psychosis	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Dependence								
Barbituates	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Cannabis	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Cocaine	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Hallucinogen	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Inhalant	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Morphine	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Stimulant	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Combination	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Unspecified	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Maternal Drug Dependence	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Abuse								
Amphetamine	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Antidepressant	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Cannabis	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Cocaine	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Hallucinogen	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Morphine	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Sedative	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Other, Mixed or Unspecified	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Drug Poisonings	2	100.0	3	100.0	**	**	0	0.0
Drug Exposure in Newborns	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Fetal Damage due to Maternal Drug Use	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Drug Polyneuropathy	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0

<sup>\*\*</sup> OSHPD admissions data not available for 2002.

#### Alcohol and Drug-Related Mortality -

#### **Key Findings**

- In 2003 there were seven deaths due to alcohol and drug use. In 2000 there was only one death due to alcohol and drug use. The fatality rate of deaths due to alcohol and drug use in 2003 was 25.8 per 100,000, higher than the statewide rate of 20.9 per 100,000.
- In 2003 two deaths were due to cirrhosis of the liver at a rate of 7.9 per 100,000, higher than the Healthy People 2010 goal of 3.2 per 100,000.
- There were three drug-induced deaths in 2003 at a rate of 11.1 deaths per 100,000, significantly higher than the Healthy People 2010 goal of 1.2 per 100,000.
- Of the seven deaths due to alcohol and drug use in 2003, three were for accidental drug poisoning, two for alcoholic liver disease, and two for alcohol psychosis.
- Of the seven deaths due to alcohol and drug use in 2003, five were male.
- Three of the seven deaths due to alcohol and drug use in 2003 were for individuals over 64 years, three were for individuals between 45 and 54 years, and one was for an individual between 35 and 44 years.
- Of the seven deaths in 2003, six were White and one was Hispanic.



#### Indicator 8: Deaths Due to Alcohol and Drug Use

The number of deaths due to alcohol and drug-related causes and age adjusted death rate per 100,000 population.

Table/Figure 8.1 Number of Deaths Due to Alcohol and Drug-Related Causes and Age-Adjusted Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Statewide Rates

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of Deaths	1	5	6	7
Total Population	26,764	29,951	27,347	27,854
Age Adjusted Death Rate per 100,000	3.8	19.8	23.9	25.8
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	19.0	19.2	20.1	20.9

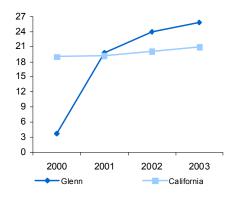


Table 8.2 Number of Deaths Due to Cirrhosis of the Liver and Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Healthy People 2010 Objective

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of Deaths	1	1	2	2
Total Population	26,764	29,951	27,347	27,854
Age Adjusted Death Rate per 100,000	3.8	4.0	8.1	7.9
Healthy People 2010	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2

Table 8.3 Number of Drug-Induced Deaths and Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Healthy People 2010 Objective

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of Deaths	0	2	3	3
Total Population	26,764	29,951	27,347	27,854
Age Adjusted Death Rate per 100,000	0.0	8.4	11.9	11.1
Healthy People 2010	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2

Healthy People 2010 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

## **Objectives 26-2** Reduce the rate of cirrhosis deaths to 3.2 per 100,000 by the year 2010.

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# Objectives 26-3 Reduce the rate of drug-induced deaths to 1.2 per 100,000 population by the year 2010

#### Indicator 8: Deaths Due to Alcohol and Drug Use (Continued)

Table 8.4 Number of Deaths Due to Alcohol and Drug-Related Causes by Specific Cause

		2000		2001		2002		2003	
		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
TOTAL ALCOHOL AND DRUG-RELATED DEATHS		1	100.0	5	100.0	6	100.0	7	100.0
Deaths Due to	Alcohol Psychosis	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	28.6
Alcohol Use	Alcohol Abuse	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Alcohol Dependence Syndrome	0	0.0	2	40.0	1	16.7	0	0.0
	Alcoholic Polyneuropathy	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Degeneration of the Nervous System	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Alcoholic Myopathy	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Alcoholic Cardiomyopathy	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Alcoholic Gastritis	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Alcoholic Liver Disease	1	100.0	1	20.0	2	33.3	2	28.6
	Fetal Alcohol Syndrome	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Fetus and Newborn Affect by Maternal Use of Alcohol	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Alcohol Poisoning	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Intentional Self-Poisoning (Alcohol)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Excessive Blood Level of Alcohol	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Alcohol-Induced Pancreatitis	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Deaths Due to	Accidental Drug Poisoning	0	0.0	2	40.0	3	50.0	3	42.9
Drug Use	Intentional Self-Poisoning (Drug)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Intentional Poisoning (Assault)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Other Drug Poisonings	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Fetus and Newborn Affect by Maternal Use of Drugs	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Mental and Behavioral Disorders due to Use of								
	Opioids	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Cannabinoids	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Sedatives or Hypnotics	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Cocaine	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Stimulants	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Hallucinogens	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Solvents	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Psychoactive Substances	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0

#### Indicator 8: Deaths Due to Alcohol and Drug Use (Continued)

Table 8.5

Number of Deaths Due to Alcohol and Drug-Related Causes by Population Demographics of Decedents with Percent of Total Deaths

			2000	2001	2002	2003
TOTAL ALCOHOL AND DRUG DEATHS			1	5	6	7
Gender	Male	Number	1	3	2	5
		Percent of Total	100.0%	60.0%	33.3%	71.4%
	Female	Number	0	2	4	2
		Percent of Total	0.0%	40.0%	66.7%	28.6%
Age at Time of Death	10-17 Years	Number	0	0	0	0
		Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	18-24 Years	Number	0	0	0	0
		Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	25-34 Years	Number	0	0	1	0
		Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	16.7%	0.0%
	35-44 Years	Number	0	2	1	1
		Percent of Total	0.0%	40.0%	16.7%	14.3%
	45-54 Years	Number	0	1	4	3
		Percent of Total	0.0%	20.0%	66.7%	42.9%
	55-64 Years	Number	1	1	0	0
		Percent of Total	100.0%	20.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	65+ Years	Number	0	1	0	3
		Percent of Total	0.0%	20.0%	0.0%	42.9%
Race	American Indian/ Alaskan Native	Number	0	0	0	0
		Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	Asian/ Pacific Islander	Number	0	0	0	0
		Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	Black	Number	0	0	0	0
		Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	Hispanic	Number	0	0	1	1
		Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	16.7%	14.3%
	White	Number	1	5	5	6
		Percent of Total	100.0%	100.0%	83.3%	85.7%
	Other/ Unknown	Number	0	0	0	0
		Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Indicator	Agency	Print and Electronic Data Sources		
Prevalence of Alcohol Use	UCLA Center for Health Policy Research, California Department of Health Services, Public Health Institute	California Health Interview Survey (CHIS)		
Admissions to Alcohol and Other Drug Treatment	California Department of Alcohol and Drug Programs	California Alcohol and Drug Data System (CADDS) Admissions Data		
Alcohol and Drug-Related Crime	California Department of Justice, Office of the Attorney General, Criminal Justice Statistics Center	California Arrest Data 2000- 2004		
Drinking and Driving	California Highway Patrol (CHP)	Statewide Integrated Traffic Records System (SWITRS) 2000-2004		
Alcohol and Drug-Related Hospitalizations	Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD)	California Hospital Discharge Data Set, 2000, 2001, 2003		
Alcohol and Drug-Related Mortality	California Department of Health Services, Vital Statistics Section	Death Statistical Matsterfile 2000-2003		
		California Health Status Profiles 2006		





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